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Exercice 4

$$\begin{array}{r|l} a) & \begin{array}{r} X^4 + 5X^3 + 12X^2 + 20X - 6 \\ - X^4 + 3X^3 - X^2 \\ \hline 2X^3 + 13X^2 + 20X - 6 \\ 2X^3 + 6X^2 - 2X \\ \hline 7X^2 + 22X - 6 \\ 7X^2 + 21X - 7 \\ \hline X + 1 \end{array} \\ & \begin{array}{r} X^2 + 3X - 1 \\ \hline X^2 + 2X + 7 \end{array} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \underline{\underline{(X^2 + 3X - 1)(X^2 + 2X + 7) + X + 1}} \\ & = X^4 + 13X^3 - X^2 + 2X^3 + 6X^2 - 2X + 7X^2 + 21X - 7 + X + 1 \\ & = X^4 + 5X^3 + 12X^2 + 20X - 6 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} b) & \begin{array}{r} X^2 + 3X - 1 \\ \hline X^2 + X \\ \hline 2X - 1 \\ 2X + 2 \\ \hline -3 \end{array} \\ & \begin{array}{r} X + 1 \\ \hline X + 2 \end{array} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} X + 1 & -3 \\ \hline X & -\frac{1}{3}X - \frac{1}{3} \\ \hline 1 & \\ \hline \frac{1}{3} & \\ \hline 0 & \end{array}$$

Donc $\text{pgcd}(A, B) = -3 = 1$ (après multiplication par une constante)

Donc A et B sont premiers entre eux.

$$\frac{3x^2 - 5}{(x^2 - 2)(x^2 + 1)}$$