

Analyse TB

Exercice 52

$$v_n = \int_{n\pi}^{(n+1)\pi} \frac{\sin t}{t} dt = \left[-\frac{\cos(t)}{t} \right]_{n\pi}^{(n+1)\pi} - \int_{n\pi}^{(n+1)\pi} \frac{\cos(t)}{t^2} dt$$

$$u = \frac{1}{t} \quad u' = -\frac{1}{t^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} v_n &= \frac{\cos(n\pi)}{n\pi} - \frac{\cos((n+1)\pi)}{(n+1)\pi} - \int_{n\pi}^{(n+1)\pi} \frac{\cos t}{t^2} dt \\ &= \frac{(-1)^n}{n\pi} + \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{(n+1)\pi} - \int_{n\pi}^{(n+1)\pi} \frac{\cos(t)}{t^2} dt \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} v_n &= (-1)^n \left(\frac{1}{n\pi} + \frac{1}{(n+1)\pi} \right) - \int_0^{\pi} \frac{\cos(t+n\pi)}{(t+n\pi)^2} dt \\ &= (-1)^n \left(\frac{1}{n\pi} + \frac{1}{(n+1)\pi} + \int_0^{\pi} -\frac{\cos t}{(t+n\pi)^2} dt \right) \\ &=: a_n \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{i) } a_n > 0 & \quad -\frac{\cos(t)}{t^2} \geq -\frac{1}{t^2} \\ \text{d'où} & \quad \int_0^{\pi} \frac{\cos(t)}{(t+n\pi)^2} dt \geq \int_0^{\pi} -\frac{1}{(t+n\pi)^2} dt \end{aligned}$$

$$\int_0^{\pi} \frac{-\cos(t)}{(t+n\pi)^2} dt \geq \left[\frac{1}{t+n\pi} \right]_0^{\pi} = \frac{1}{(n+1)\pi} - \frac{1}{n\pi}$$

$$a_n \geq \frac{2}{(n+1)\pi} > 0 \quad \forall n \in \mathbb{N}$$

ii) $a_n \searrow 0$:

~~$$\int_0^{\pi} \frac{\cos(t)}{(t+n\pi)^2} dt \geq \int_0^{\pi} -\frac{1}{(t+n\pi)^2} dt$$~~

$$\frac{2}{n\pi} \geq a_n \geq \frac{2}{(n+1)\pi} \geq a_{n+1} \geq \frac{2}{(n+2)\pi} \quad (\text{par encadrement du cos})$$

Un décroissante On applique le critère des séries alternées

Exercice 13

$$v_n = \frac{(-1)^n}{n^\alpha + (-1)^n} = \frac{(-1)^n}{n^\alpha} \left(\frac{1}{1 + \frac{(-1)^n}{n^\alpha}} \right)$$

$$= \frac{(-1)^n}{n^\alpha} \left(1 - \frac{(-1)^n}{n^\alpha} + o\left(\frac{1}{n^\alpha}\right) \right)$$

$$= \frac{(-1)^n}{n^\alpha} - \frac{1}{n^{2\alpha}} + o\left(\frac{1}{n^{2\alpha}}\right)$$

$\alpha < 0$ ~~car~~ diverge car $v_n \not\rightarrow 0$

$\alpha > \frac{1}{2}$ $\sum v_n$ ~~car~~ $\sum \frac{1}{n^{2\alpha}}$ cv

$\alpha \leq \frac{1}{2}$ $\sum v_n$ diverge car $\sum \frac{1}{n^{2\alpha}}$ div.

Exercice 10

$$1) a) \frac{1}{a+1} \leq \int_a^{a+1} \frac{1}{x} dx \leq \frac{1}{a}$$

b) $H_n \leq \ln(n) + 1 \rightarrow$ Chasles

$$\int_1^{n+1} \frac{1}{x} dx \leq \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{k} \leq \int_1^n \frac{1}{x} dx + 1$$